



Dairy Asia
for health and prosperity



Afghanistan

National Focal Point and Steering Committee Meeting
Bangkok, 9-10 March 2017

Outcomes of the multi-stakeholder meeting

- A total of 41 members took participation On 22 Feb,2017 in a multi-stakeholder meeting. The members were from Dairy Union, Cooperatives, Processing and Market, FAO, RMLSP, NHLP, CARD-F and Government Livestock Department.
 1. Meet rising demand for dairy products with sustainable increases in milk productivity and farm profitability.
 2. Integrate small scale producers in the modern value chain through the promotion of fair and efficient markets.
 3. Enhance levels of education through school milk program and the transfer of knowledge and best practices to all actors involved in the dairy chain.
- All stakeholders were asked to reduce the duplication of activities and support the existence broken chain. With this multi-stakeholders meeting we have increased the linkages and communication with each other. The meeting welcomed and suggested the UHT plant to installed in Kabul (30MT/day).
- In addition the meeting came with a suggested to ban fake milk and unhealthy milk coming from Pakistan and have been brought on the table of minister to take the decision.



List of activities planned under the DA framework

Best Practices for first two pillars while school milk program is new to be introduced

- Purchasing 8 genomic bulls and of 10000 (Progeny semen) and allowing 10000 through private sector.
- Distribution of cows to ultra poor in some provinces (Heart, Badkshshan, Takhar...)
- Established farm field schools (FFS) and brining FFS to cooperatives for increasing production and productivity.
- Installation of UHT plant for this year (30 MT/day)
- Establishment of 38 new cooperatives on CLAP project to produce 10000 liters of milk (2017) and Putting NHLP project to establish 60 more new cooperatives to produce 15000 liters of milk to the UHT plant.
- Establishment of complete cold chain and package (FFS, AI, Feeding& Nutrition, Health) for new 38+60 cooperatives.
- Increasing taxes on imported powder milk and milk products.
- Strengthening the value chain of established milk producing cooperatives, dairy union and associations.

Please profile some best practices and model activities with regard to the three prioritized pillars. What are the planned activities for this year? Do you want to share any lessons learnt with regard to any activities you have implemented under the three prioritized pillars?

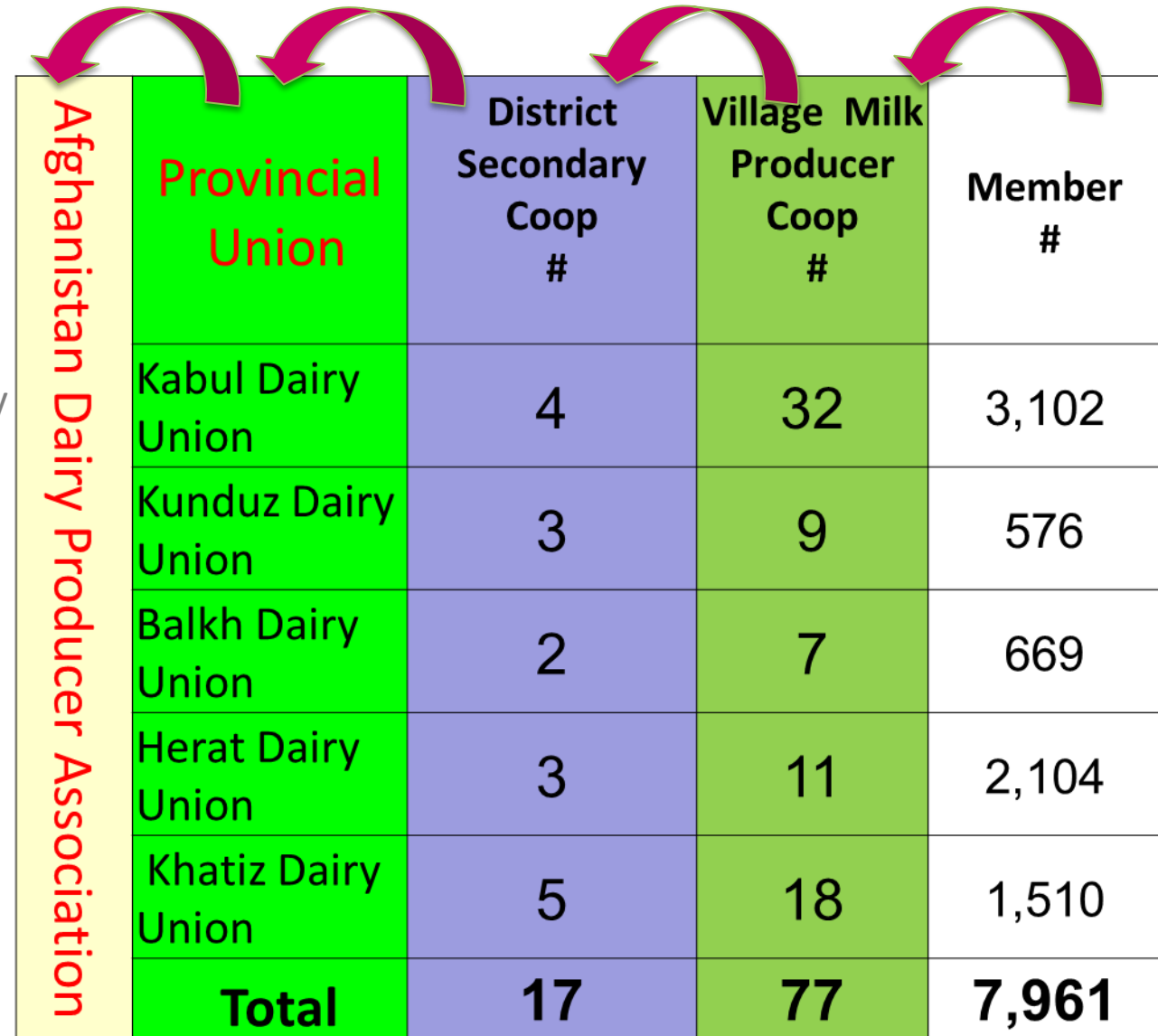


Data available and monitoring mechanisms

Currently different models are used for data collection and monitoring, but in overall no exact data is available

- Livestock FFS monitoring through projects
- Dairy value chain monitoring through government
- No test available to measure the progress for pillars
- No exact mechanisms for data collection but different approaches made by government and projects (annually and quarterly)
- Increasing the milk production and marketing are the targets
- 23 milk processing plant, (5 dairy unions' plants 18 private plants)

With regard to the prioritized pillars, what data do you have available? What indicators are you using at country level to measure the progress that is made. Do you have any targets that you aim to achieve as dairy sector? And how do you monitor it? Do you have any mechanisms to regularly collect data - who is collecting it and when?



Afghanistan Dairy Producer Association	Provincial Union	District Secondary Coop #	Village Milk Producer Coop #	Member #
	Kabul Dairy Union	4	32	3,102
	Kunduz Dairy Union	3	9	576
	Balkh Dairy Union	2	7	669
	Herat Dairy Union	3	11	2,104
	Khatiz Dairy Union	5	18	1,510
	Total	17	77	7,961